(SRI M. NAGAPPA)

March, it cannot be advanced without following the procedure given in Rule 31 (1). Therefore, the Budget cannot be presented today. I submit that doing so, violates the Rules of procedure, and Article 202 of the constitution. Therefore, the point of order may be upheld and the Budget may not be allowed to be presented before this House.

Mr. DEPUTY SPEAKER.—There is no violation of the rules as the Governor has fixed the day provisionally. Formerly it was fixed that the Budget may be presented on the 2nd March. But afterwards the Governor has fixed the date. Thrrefore, there is no merit in the point of order raised by Sri Nagappa. It was also announced in the House.

9-00 A.M.

BUDGET ESTIMATES FOR 1968-69
(Presentation).

Sri RAMAKRISHNA HEGDE (Minister for Finance and planning).—Sir, I rise to present the Budget Estimates of Mysore State for the year 1968-69 along with the vote on account for the first three months of the year.

ಶ್ರೀ ವಾಟಾಳ್ ನಾಗರಾಜ (ಚಿಕ್ಕಪೇಟೆ).—ಸ್ವಾಮಿ, ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸಚಿವರು ಕನ್ನಡದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾತನಾಡಬೇಕು. ಹಣಕಾಸಿನ ಸಚಿವರೇ, ದಯವಿಟ್ಟು ಕನ್ನಡದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾತನಾಡಿ, ದಯಮಾಡಿ ಕನ್ನಡದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾತನಾಡಿ. ಕನ್ನಡದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಾತನಾಡದಿದ್ದರೆ ತಮ್ಮ ಭಾಷಣವನ್ನು ಬಹಿಷ್ಕರಿಸಿ ಅದನು ಪ್ರತಿಭಟಿಸುವುದಕ್ಕಾಗಿ ನಾನು ಸಭಾ ತ್ಯಾಗಮಾಡುತ್ತೇನೆ.

(ಇಂಗ್ಲೀಷಿನಲ್ಲಿಯ ನಿಮ್ಮ ಭಾಷಣವನ್ನು ವಿರೋಧಿಸುತ್ತೇನೆ, ಕನ್ನಡಕ್ಕೆ ಬಹಳ ಅನ್ಯಾಯ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದೀರಿ ಎಂದು ಕೂಗುತ್ತಾ ಮಾನ್ಯ ಸದಸ್ಯರು ಸಭಾ ತ್ಯಾಗ ಮಾಡಿದರು)

Sri RAMAKRISHNA HEGDE.—This is with a view to give more time to the members to discuss the Budget for the year.

Since I last presented the Budeget for 1967-68, serveral changes have occurred in the country both in political and economic spheres. One of the important issues agitating the minds of many is the language issue. The House is aware that the State Government has already accepted the three-language formula. But as there are certain apprehensions in some quarters, I hope that steps will be taken to solve the problem to the satisfaction of all the persons concerned keeping in view the paramount importance of maintaining national solidarity and unity of the country.

The past two years have witnessed a period of exceptional stresses and strains for our economy. The conflict of 1965 had many adverse consequences on the economy of the country. Following hostilities, foreign credit was suspended which meant curtailment and stringent control of imports essential for the continued growth of the economy.